

The Government has announced (<https://www.parliament.uk/business/publications/written-questions-answers-statements/written-statement/Commons/2020-03-23/HCWS176/>) that it will not publish any school or college level educational performance data based on tests, assessments or exams for 2020. This update published here (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-school-and-college-performance-measures>) clarifies what this means for the way school and college accountability will operate for 2019/20.

Batman Primary School (URN)

School performance summary 2018/2019

A glossary explaining terms used in this report is at the end of the printed version.

Key stage 2 headline measures

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Progress in reading, writing and maths

Reading

Number of pupils = 37

Pupils with adjusted scores = 0

Well above average 4.30

Confidence interval
2.3 to 6.3

Writing

Number of pupils = 37

Pupils with adjusted scores = 0

Well above average 2.62

Confidence interval
0.8 to 4.5

Maths

Number of pupils = 37

Pupils with adjusted scores = 0

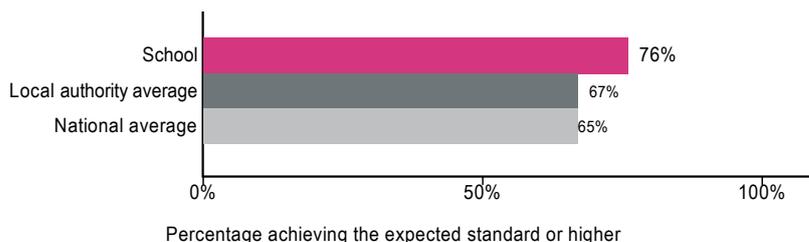
Above average 2.81

Confidence interval
1.1 to 4.5

Reading, writing and maths combined

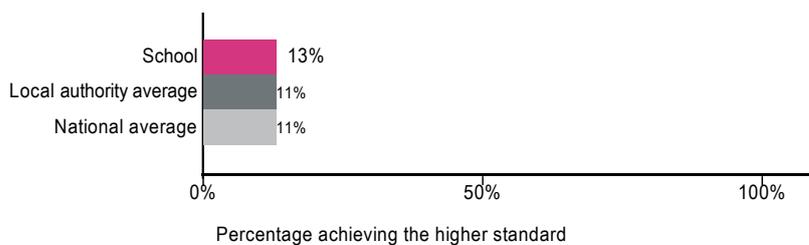
Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

Number of pupils = 38



Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard

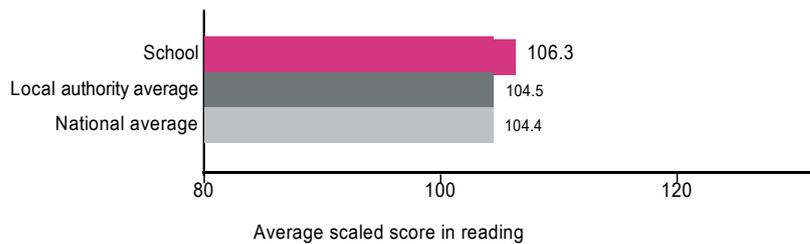
Number of pupils = 38



Average scaled score in:

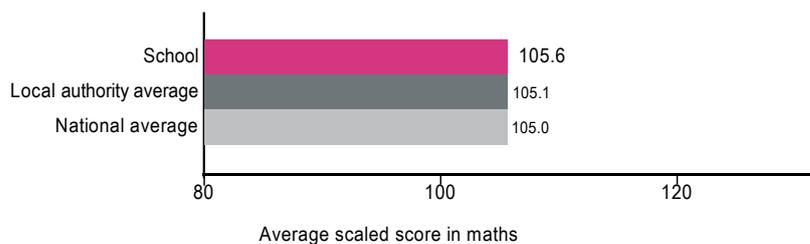
Reading

Number of pupils = 38



Maths

Number of pupils = 38



Key stage 2 disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Average progress for disadvantaged pupils in reading, writing and maths

	Reading	Writing	Maths
Progress score for disadvantaged pupils	5.70	3.32	4.47
Confidence interval	2.3 to 9.1	0.2 to 6.4	1.5 to 7.4
Number of disadvantaged pupils	13	13	13
Disadvantaged pupils with adjusted scores	0	0	0
National average for non-disadvantaged pupils	0.32	0.27	0.37
National average for disadvantaged pupils	Like-for-like -0.62	Like-for-like -0.50	Like-for-like -0.71

Prior attainment of disadvantaged pupils - 3 year trends

Group	2017		2018		2019	
	Non-dis	Dis	Non-dis	Dis	Non-dis	Dis
Number of pupils	26	20	20	8	24	13
Prior attainment (based on key stage 1 average point score)	14.31	14.08	15.45	14.56	15.35	15.31

Average progress in reading by prior attainment

Prior attainment	Low		Middle		High	
Group	All	Dis	All	Dis	All	Dis
Number of pupils	4	2	24	8	9	3
Number of pupils with adjusted scores	0	0	0	0	0	0
Progress score	11.34	13.96	3.91	4.63	2.21	3.04
National average	0.02	0.65	0.03	0.33	0.03	0.25
Difference	11.32	13.30	3.88	4.30	2.18	2.79
Confidence interval	5.3 to 17.4	5.4 to 22.5	1.4 to 6.4	0.4 to 8.9	-1.8 to 6.2	-3.9 to 10.0

Average progress in writing by prior attainment

Prior attainment	Low		Middle		High	
Group	All	Dis	All	Dis	All	Dis
Number of pupils	4	2	24	8	9	3
Number of pupils with adjusted scores	0	0	0	0	0	0
Progress score	3.09	2.97	2.11	3.64	3.74	2.72
National average	0.02	0.71	0.04	0.29	0.02	0.18
Difference	3.07	2.26	2.08	3.35	3.72	2.54
Confidence interval	-2.5 to 8.7	-4.9 to 10.9	-0.2 to 4.4	-0.3 to 7.6	0.0 to 7.5	-3.7 to 9.2

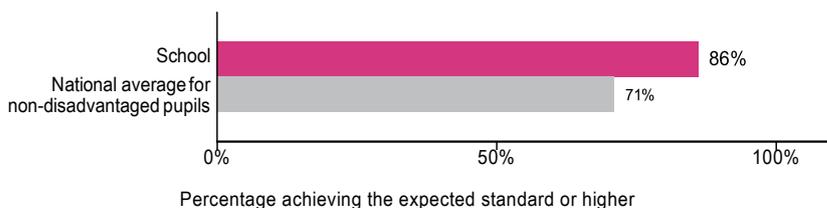
Average progress in maths by prior attainment

Prior attainment	Low		Middle		High	
Group	All	Dis	All	Dis	All	Dis
Number of pupils	4	2	24	8	9	3
Number of pupils with adjusted scores	0	0	0	0	0	0
Progress score	11.85	18.62	1.40	1.42	2.53	3.18
National average	0.03	0.90	0.04	0.42	0.02	0.23
Difference	11.82	17.72	1.36	1.00	2.51	2.95
Confidence interval	6.6 to 17.1	11.1 to 26.1	-0.8 to 3.6	-2.3 to 5.2	-1.0 to 6.1	-2.9 to 9.3

Reading, writing and maths combined

Percentage of disadvantaged pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

Number of disadvantaged pupils = 14

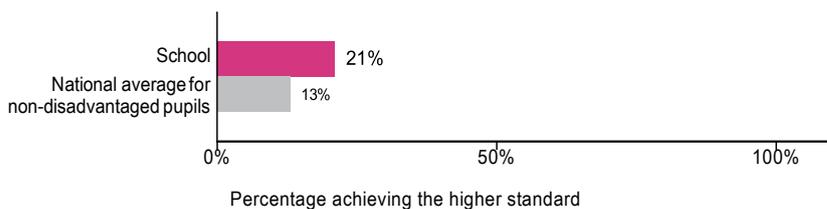


Prior attainment of pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

Prior attainment	Low		Middle		High	
	All	Dis	All	Dis	All	Dis
Group						
Number of pupils	4	2	24	8	9	3
Percentage	0	0	79	100	100	100
National average	7	8	58	62	95	96
Difference	-7	-8	21	38	5	4

Percentage of disadvantaged pupils achieving the higher standard

Number of disadvantaged pupils = 14



Prior attainment of pupils achieving the higher standard

Prior attainment	Low		Middle		High	
	All	Dis	All	Dis	All	Dis
Group						
Number of pupils	4	2	24	8	9	3
Percentage	0	0	4	13	44	67
National average	0	0	2	2	29	31
Difference	0	0	2	10	16	36

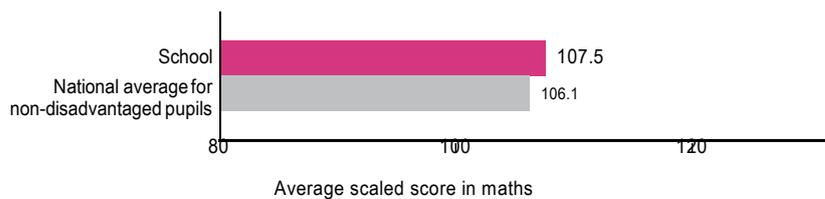
Average scaled score for disadvantaged pupils in: Reading

Number of disadvantaged pupils = 14



Maths

Number of disadvantaged pupils = 14



Key stage 2 three year average

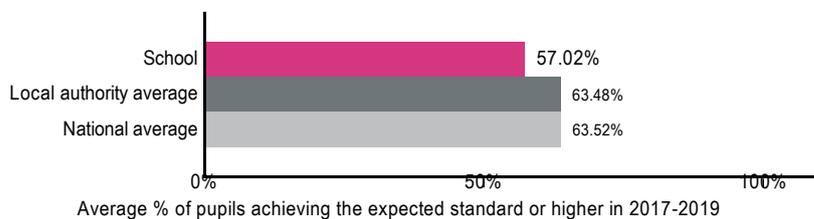
This is revised data for 2018/19.

Percentage of pupils achieving expected standard in reading, writing and maths, 2017-2019

Number of pupils in 2017 = 48

Number of pupils in 2018 = 28

Number of pupils in 2019 = 38

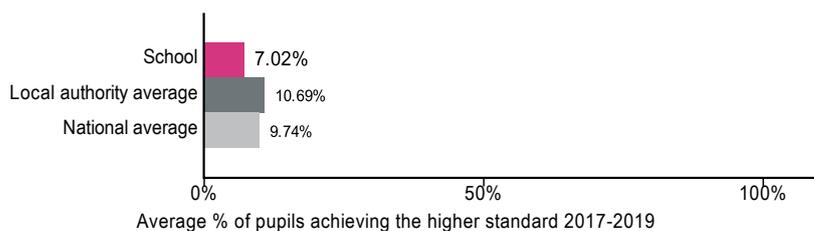


Percentage of pupils achieving higher standard in reading, writing and maths, 2017-2019

Number of pupils in 2017 = 48

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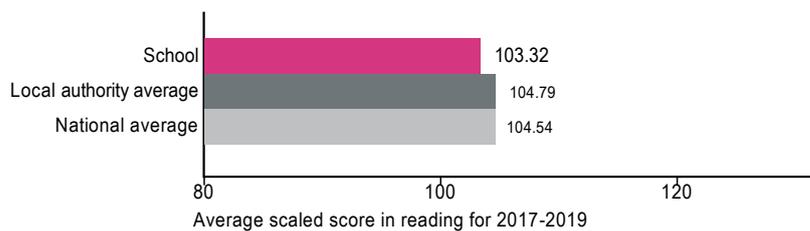
Average scaled score in:

Reading, 2017-2019

Number of pupils in 2017 = 48

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Number of pupils in 2019 = 38

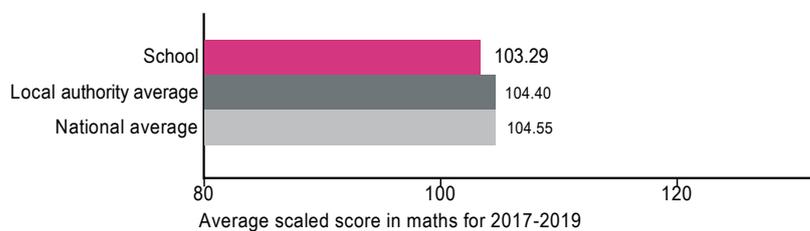


Maths, 2017-2019

Number of pupils in 2017 = 48

Number of pupils in 2018 = 28

Number of pupils in 2019 = 38



Keystage 2 results over 3 years

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Progress in reading

	2017	2018	2019
Number of pupils	46	28	37
Pupils with adjusted scores	N/A	0	0
School progress score	-2.85	4.36	4.30
Confidence interval	-4.7 to -1.1	2.2 to 6.6	2.3 to 6.3
Progress banding	 Below average	 Well above average	 Well above average
Local authority average	-0.05	-0.37	-0.47
National average	0.00	0.03	0.03

Progress in writing

	2017	2018	2019
Number of pupils	46	28	37
Pupils with adjusted scores	N/A	0	0
School progress score	-1.73	1.05	2.62
Confidence interval	-3.4 to 0.0	-1.1 to 3.1	0.8 to 4.5
Progress banding	 Average	 Average	 Well above average
Local authority average	-0.06	0.46	0.25
National average	0.00	0.03	0.03

Progress in maths

	2017	2018	2019
Number of pupils	46	28	37
Pupils with adjusted scores	N/A	0	0
School progress score	-2.18	4.49	2.81
Confidence interval	-3.8 to -0.6	2.5 to 6.5	1.1 to 4.5
Progress banding	 Below average	 Well above average	 Above average
Local authority average	-0.70	-0.76	-0.46
National average	0.00	0.03	0.03

Reading, writing and maths combined

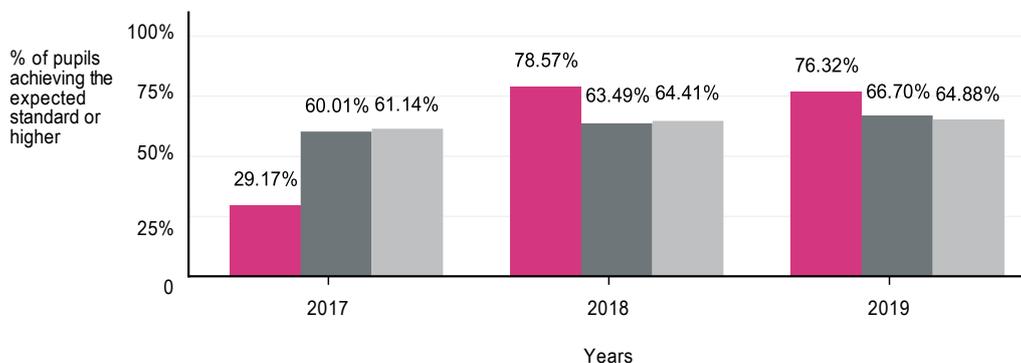
Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

Number of pupils in 2017 = 48

Number of pupils in 2018 = 28

Number of pupils in 2019 = 38

■ School ■ Local authority (South Gloucestershire) ■ National



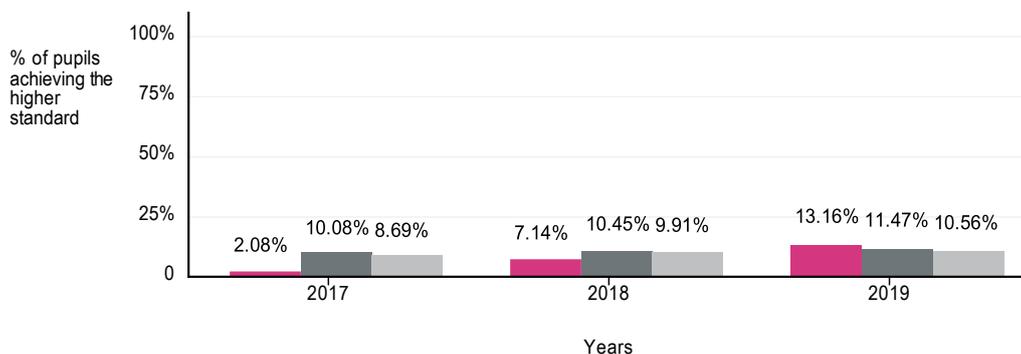
Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard

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Number of pupils in 2018 = 28

Number of pupils in 2019 = 38

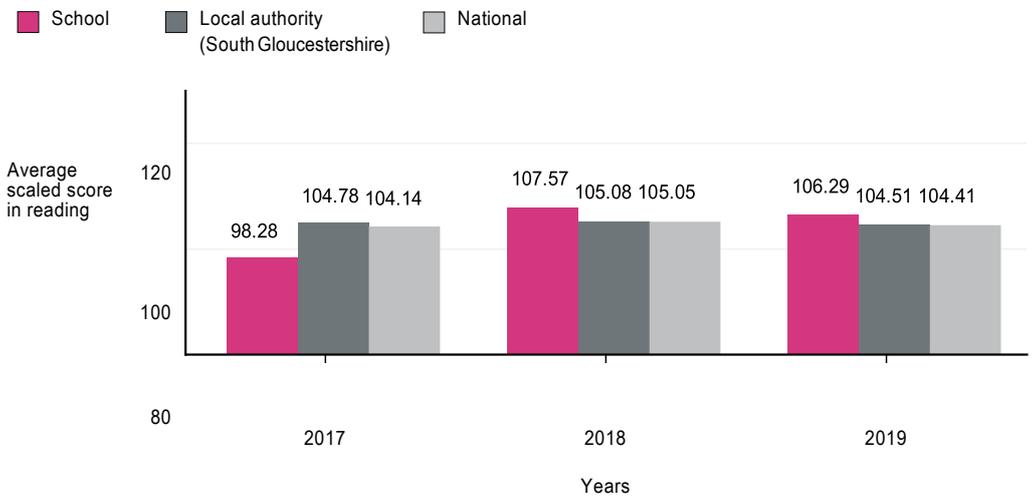
■ School ■ Local authority (South Gloucestershire) ■ National



Average scaled scores in:

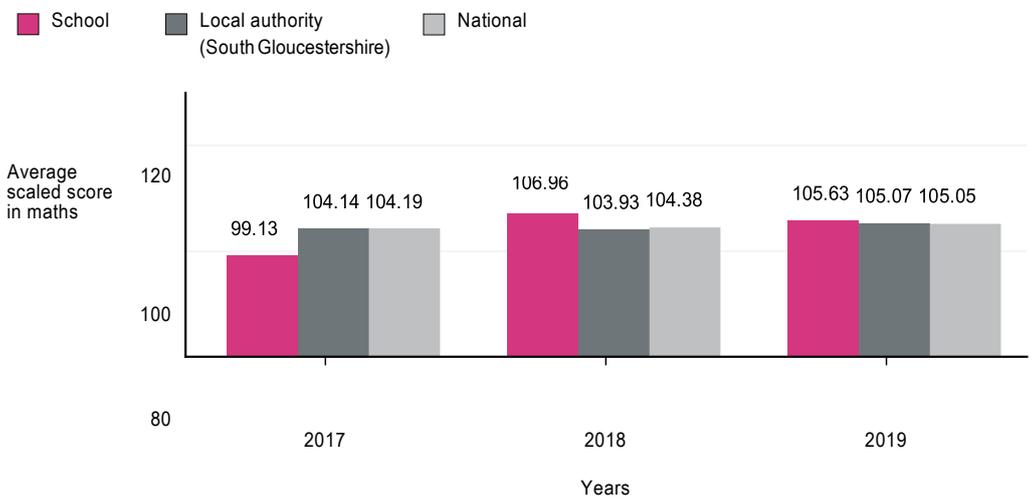
Reading

Number of pupils in 2017 = 48
Number of pupils in 2018 = 28
Number of pupils in 2019 = 38



Maths

Number of pupils in 2017 = 48
Number of pupils in 2018 = 28
Number of pupils in 2019 = 38



Key stage 2 headline reports

Reading progress and attainment by pupil group

Key stage 2 reading by pupil group												
Breakdown	Reading progress					Reading attainment						
	Cohort	Adjusted score		Unadjusted score		Cohort	Achieving the expected standard		Achieving a higher standard		Average score	
		School	National	School	National		School %	National %	School %	National %	School	National
All pupils	37	4.30	0.03	4.30	0.00	38	95	73	32	27	106.3	104.4
Male	14	5.89	-0.54	5.89	-0.58	15	93	69	33	22	107.2	103.3
Female	23	3.34	0.62	3.34	0.61	23	96	78	30	32	105.7	105.5
Disadvantaged	13	5.70	0.32	5.70	0.30	14	100	78	29	31	107.6	105.5
			Like-for-like		Like-for-like			Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			-0.62		-0.66			62		17		101.9
Ever 6 FSM	12	5.48	0.31	5.48	0.28	13	100	78	31	31	107.8	105.5
			Like-for-like		Like-for-like			Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			-0.61		-0.65			62		17		101.9
Children looked after	0	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.00	0	N/A	73	N/A	27	N/A	104.4
			Like-for-like		Like-for-like			Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			-0.28		-0.37			50		12		100.3
Other	24	3.54	0.32	3.54	0.30	24	92	78	33	31	105.5	105.5
SEN EHCP	1	3.51	0.03	3.51	0.00	1	0	73	0	27	80.0	104.4
SEN support	10	8.58	0.03	8.58	0.00	10	100	73	20	27	104.8	104.4
No SEN	26	2.68	0.35	2.68	0.33	27	96	81	37	31	107.8	105.7
Non-mobile	32	5.12	0.07	5.12	0.05	32	97	75	34	28	106.4	104.6
English first language	36	4.33	0.03	4.33	0.00	36	94	73	31	27	106.1	104.4
English additional language	1	3.36	0.03	3.36	0.00	2	100	73	50	27	109.5	104.4
Prior attainment												
Low overall	4	11.34	0.02	11.34	0.00	4	75	16	0	1	97.3	92.7
Middle overall	24	3.91	0.03	3.91	0.00	24	96	70	21	15	105.6	102.5
High overall	9	2.21	0.03	2.21	0.00	9	100	97	78	56	111.9	110.3
Reading low	4	11.34	-0.30	11.34	-0.32	4	75	17	0	2	97.3	93.0
Reading middle	23	3.66	-0.20	3.66	-0.23	23	96	71	17	15	105.3	102.6
Reading high	10	2.95	0.54	2.95	0.52	10	100	98	80	59	112.0	110.7
Writing low	6	9.67	0.09	9.67	0.06	6	83	24	0	3	98.8	94.5
Writing middle	29	3.81	-0.03	3.81	-0.06	29	97	77	41	22	107.7	104.2
Writing high	2	-4.64	0.23	-4.64	0.20	2	100	99	0	67	106.5	111.7
Maths low	4	11.34	0.24	11.34	0.23	4	75	14	0	1	97.3	92.4
Maths middle	25	4.12	0.17	4.12	0.14	25	96	72	24	19	106.0	103.1
Maths high	8	1.36	-0.39	1.36	-0.42	8	100	97	75	58	111.3	110.4

Writing progress and attainment by pupil group

Key stage 2 writing by pupil group										
Breakdown	Writing progress					Writing attainment				
	Cohort	Adjusted score		Unadjusted score		Cohort	Achieved the expected standard		Achieved a greater depth	
		School	National	School	National		School %	National %	School %	National %
All pupils	37	2.62	0.03	2.62	0.00	38	84	78	24	20
Male	14	2.21	-0.73	2.21	-0.78	15	73	72	27	15
Female	23	2.86	0.82	2.86	0.81	23	91	85	22	25
Disadvantaged	13	3.32	0.27	3.32	0.25	14	86	83	29	24
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like				Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			-0.50		-0.54			68		11
Ever 6 FSM	12	3.04	0.25	3.04	0.23	13	85	83	31	24
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like				Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			-0.47		-0.52			68		11
Children looked after	0	N/A	0.04	N/A	0.01	0	N/A	79	N/A	20
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like				Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			-0.87		-0.96			51		6
Other	24	2.23	0.27	2.23	0.25	24	83	83	21	24
SEN EHCP	1	3.47	0.03	3.47	0.00	1	0	78	0	20
SEN support	10	3.19	0.03	3.19	0.00	10	50	78	10	20
No SEN	26	2.36	0.52	2.36	0.51	27	100	88	30	24
Non-mobile	32	2.27	0.10	2.27	0.07	32	81	80	16	21
English first language	36	2.45	0.03	2.45	0.00	36	83	78	19	20
English additional language	1	8.53	0.03	8.53	0.00	2	100	78	100	20
Prior attainment										
Low overall	4	3.09	0.02	3.09	0.00	4	0	15	0	0
Middle overall	24	2.11	0.04	2.11	0.00	24	92	78	4	7
High overall	9	3.74	0.02	3.74	0.00	9	100	99	78	49
Reading low	4	3.09	-0.19	3.09	-0.21	4	0	17	0	0
Reading middle	23	2.60	-0.06	2.60	-0.09	23	91	79	9	7
Reading high	10	2.47	0.25	2.47	0.23	10	100	99	60	51
Writing low	6	3.16	-0.36	3.16	-0.39	6	17	21	0	0
Writing middle	29	2.37	0.00	2.37	-0.03	29	97	85	21	13
Writing high	2	4.50	0.42	4.50	0.41	2	100	100	100	67
Maths low	4	3.09	0.29	3.09	0.28	4	0	14	0	0
Maths middle	25	2.33	0.17	2.33	0.14	25	92	79	8	11
Maths high	8	3.26	-0.41	3.26	-0.43	8	100	98	75	51

Maths progress and attainment by pupil group

Key stage 2 maths by pupil group													
Breakdown	Maths progress					Maths attainment							
	Cohort	Adjusted score		Unadjusted score		Cohort	Achieving the expected standard		Achieving a higher standard		Average score		
		School	National	School	National		School %	National %	School %	National %	School	National	
All pupils	37	2.81	0.03	2.81	0.00	38	84	79	39	27	105.6	105.0	
Male	14	4.77	0.73	4.77	0.70	15	87	78	53	29	107.1	105.3	
Female	23	1.61	-0.69	1.61	-0.72	23	83	79	30	24	104.7	104.7	
Disadvantaged	13	4.47	0.37	4.47	0.35	14	100	84	43	32	107.5	106.1	
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like				Like-for-like		Like-for-like	Like-for-like		
			-0.71		-0.77			57		16		102.5	
Ever 6 FSM	12	4.65	0.34	4.65	0.32	13	100	83	46	31	108.0	106.1	
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like				Like-for-like		Like-for-like	Like-for-like		
			-0.68		-0.73			58		16		102.6	
Children looked after	0	N/A	0.04	N/A	0.01	0	N/A	79	N/A	27	N/A	105.1	
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like				Like-for-like		Like-for-like	Like-for-like		
			-0.98		-1.08			52		9		100.4	
Other	24	1.90	0.37	1.90	0.35	24	75	84	38	32	104.5	106.1	
SEN EHCP	1	4.56	0.03	4.56	0.00	1	0	79	0	27	82.0	105.0	
SEN support	10	2.90	0.03	2.90	0.00	10	60	79	10	27	100.3	105.0	
No SEN	26	2.70	0.37	2.70	0.35	27	96	87	52	31	108.5	106.3	
Non-mobile	32	3.16	0.10	3.16	0.08	32	81	80	38	27	105.2	105.2	
English first language	36	2.76	0.03	2.76	0.00	36	83	79	36	27	105.3	105.0	
English additional language	1	4.53	0.03	4.53	0.00	2	100	79	100	27	111.5	105.0	
Prior attainment													
Low overall	4	11.85	0.03	11.85	0.01	4	50	19	25	1	99.0	94.0	
Middle overall	24	1.40	0.04	1.40	0.00	24	83	77	21	13	103.9	103.3	
High overall	9	2.53	0.02	2.53	0.00	9	100	99	89	58	112.6	110.3	
Reading low	4	11.85	0.70	11.85	0.68	4	50	26	25	2	99.0	95.5	
Reading middle	23	1.03	0.11	1.03	0.07	23	83	78	17	16	103.5	103.6	
Reading high	10	3.27	-0.29	3.27	-0.32	10	100	98	90	55	112.5	109.9	
Writing low	6	7.04	0.49	7.04	0.46	6	50	31	17	3	97.7	96.3	
Writing middle	29	2.05	0.05	2.05	0.01	29	90	83	38	22	106.6	104.9	
Writing high	2	1.04	-0.32	1.04	-0.34	2	100	99	100	64	112.5	111.0	
Maths low	4	11.85	-0.53	11.85	-0.55	4	50	14	25	1	99.0	92.8	
Maths middle	25	1.63	-0.04	1.63	-0.08	25	84	78	24	14	104.3	103.6	
Maths high	8	1.95	0.38	1.95	0.36	8	100	99	88	67	112.3	111.3	

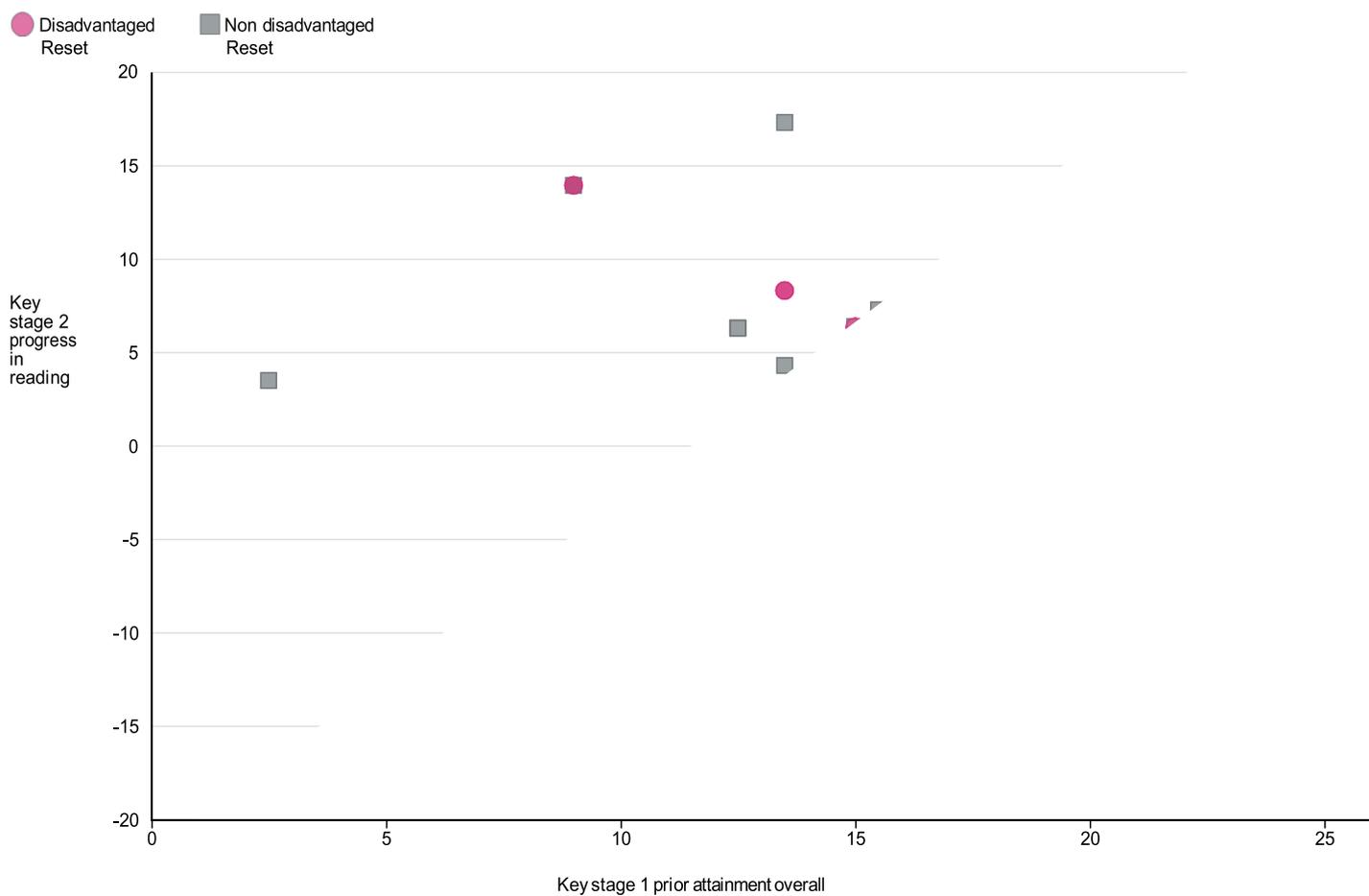
Reading, writing and maths combined attainment by pupil group

Key stage 2 reading, writing and maths by pupil group					
Breakdown	Cohort	Achieving the expected standard or higher		Achieving at a higher standard	
		School %	National %	School %	National %
All pupils	38	76	65	13	11
Male	15	67	60	13	9
Female	23	83	70	13	13
Disadvantaged	14	86	71	21	13
			Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			51		5
Ever 6 FSM	13	85	71	23	13
			Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			52		5
Children looked after	0	N/A	65	N/A	11
			Like-for-like		Like-for-like
			37		2
Other	24	71	71	8	13
SEN EHCP	1	0	65	0	11
SEN support	10	40	65	0	11
No SEN	27	93	74	19	13
Non-mobile	32	75	66	16	11
English first language	36	75	65	11	11
English additional language	2	100	65	50	11
Prior attainment					
Low overall	4	0	7	0	0
Middle overall	24	79	58	4	2
High overall	9	100	95	44	29
Reading low	4	0	9	0	0
Reading middle	23	78	59	4	2
Reading high	10	100	95	40	30
Writing low	6	17	11	0	0
Writing middle	29	86	68	17	5
Writing high	2	100	97	0	41
Maths low	4	0	5	0	0
Maths middle	25	80	61	8	3
Maths high	8	100	95	38	33

Key stage 2 progress in reading scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

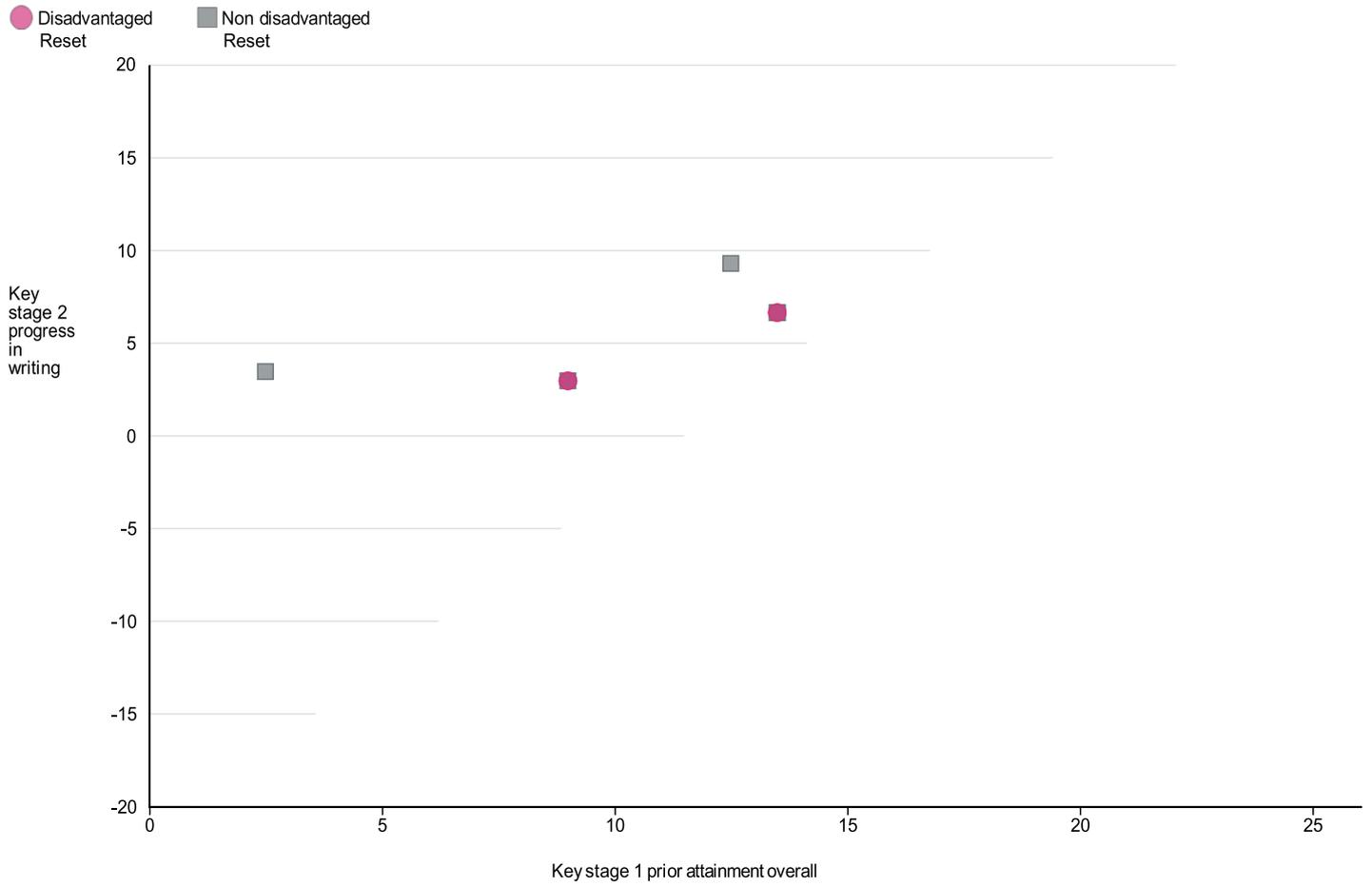
Number of pupils = 37



Key stage 2 progress in writing scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

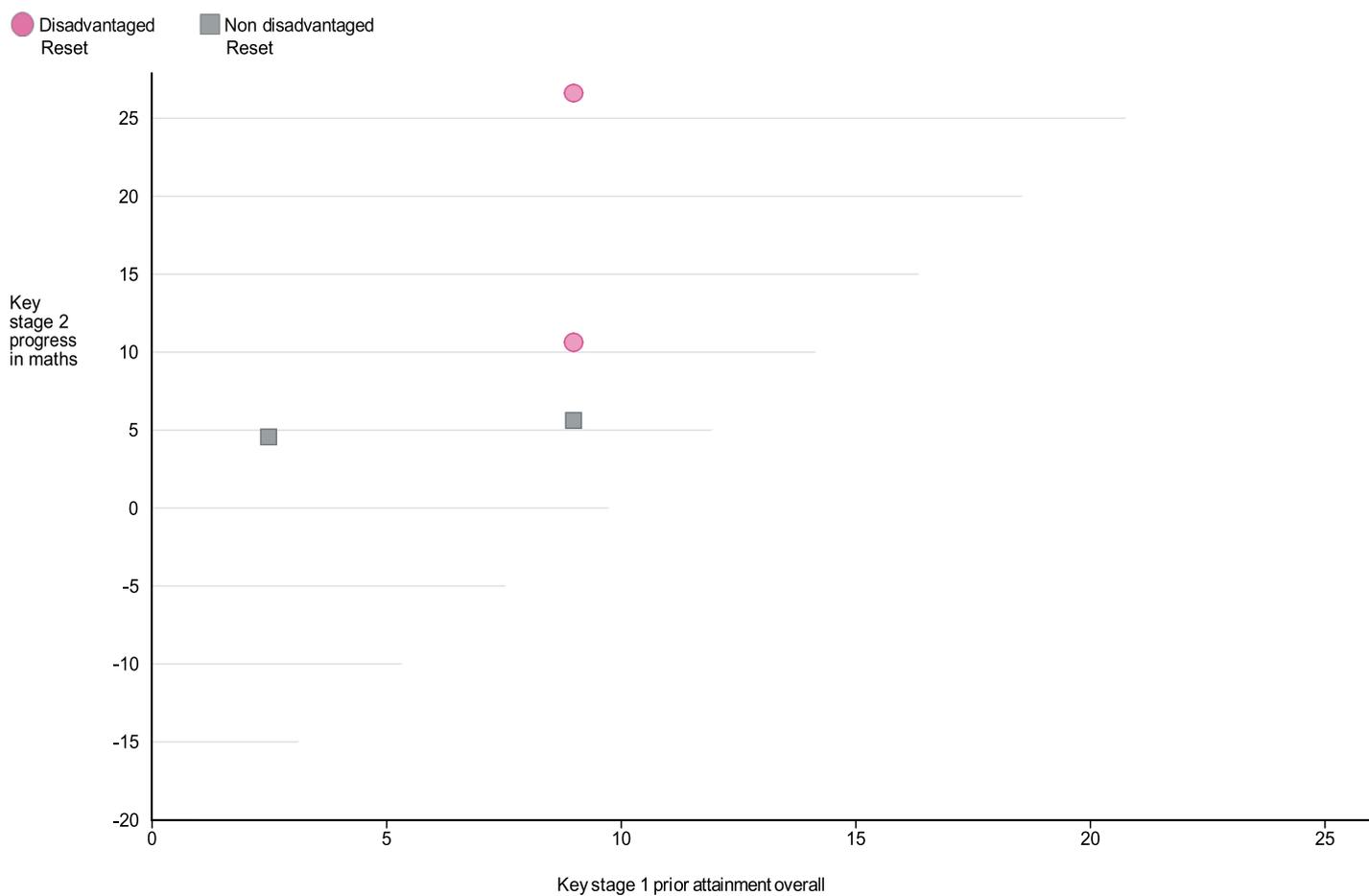
Number of pupils = 37



Key stage 2 progress in maths scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Number of pupils = 37

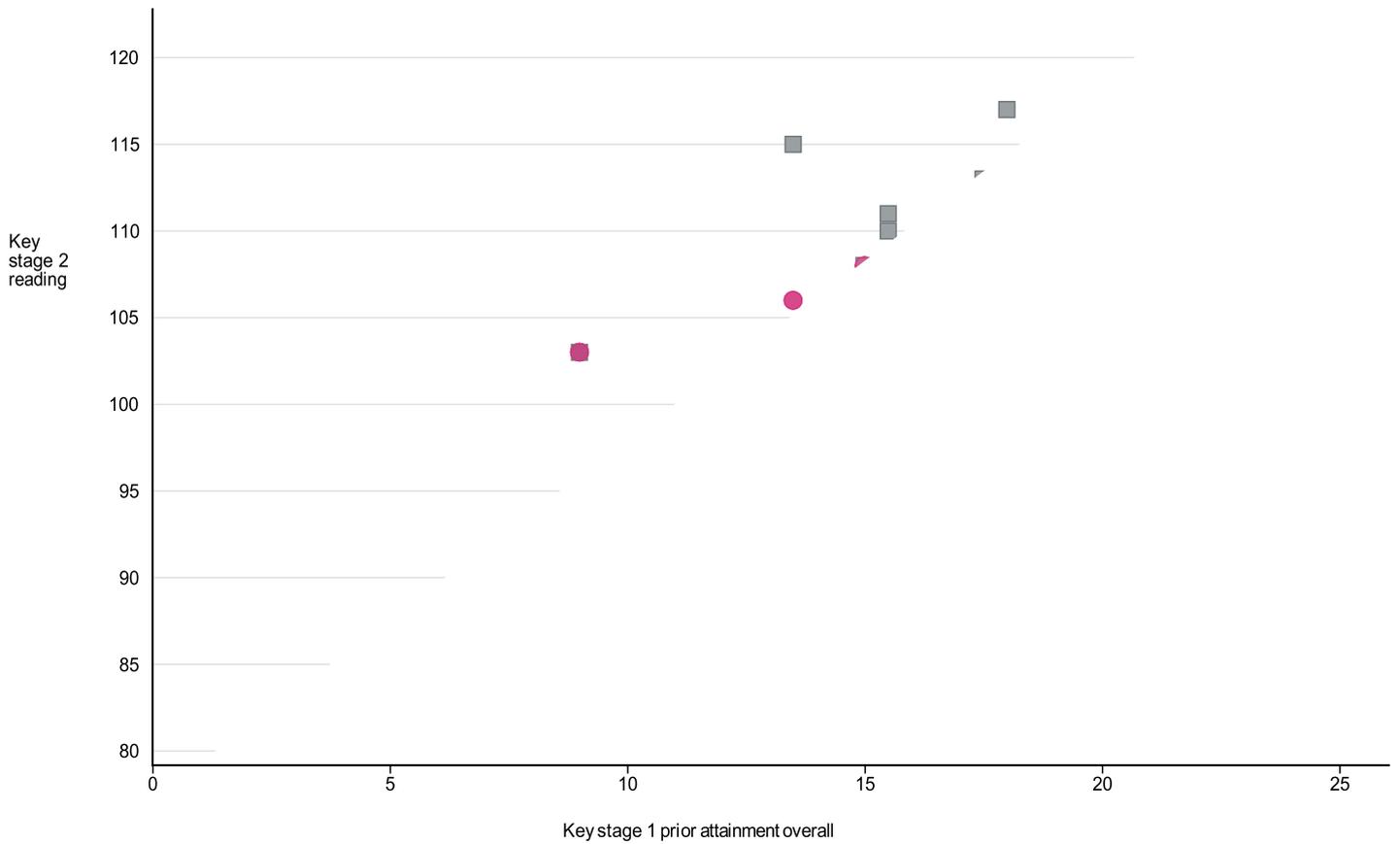


Key stage 2 reading attainment scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Number of pupils = 37

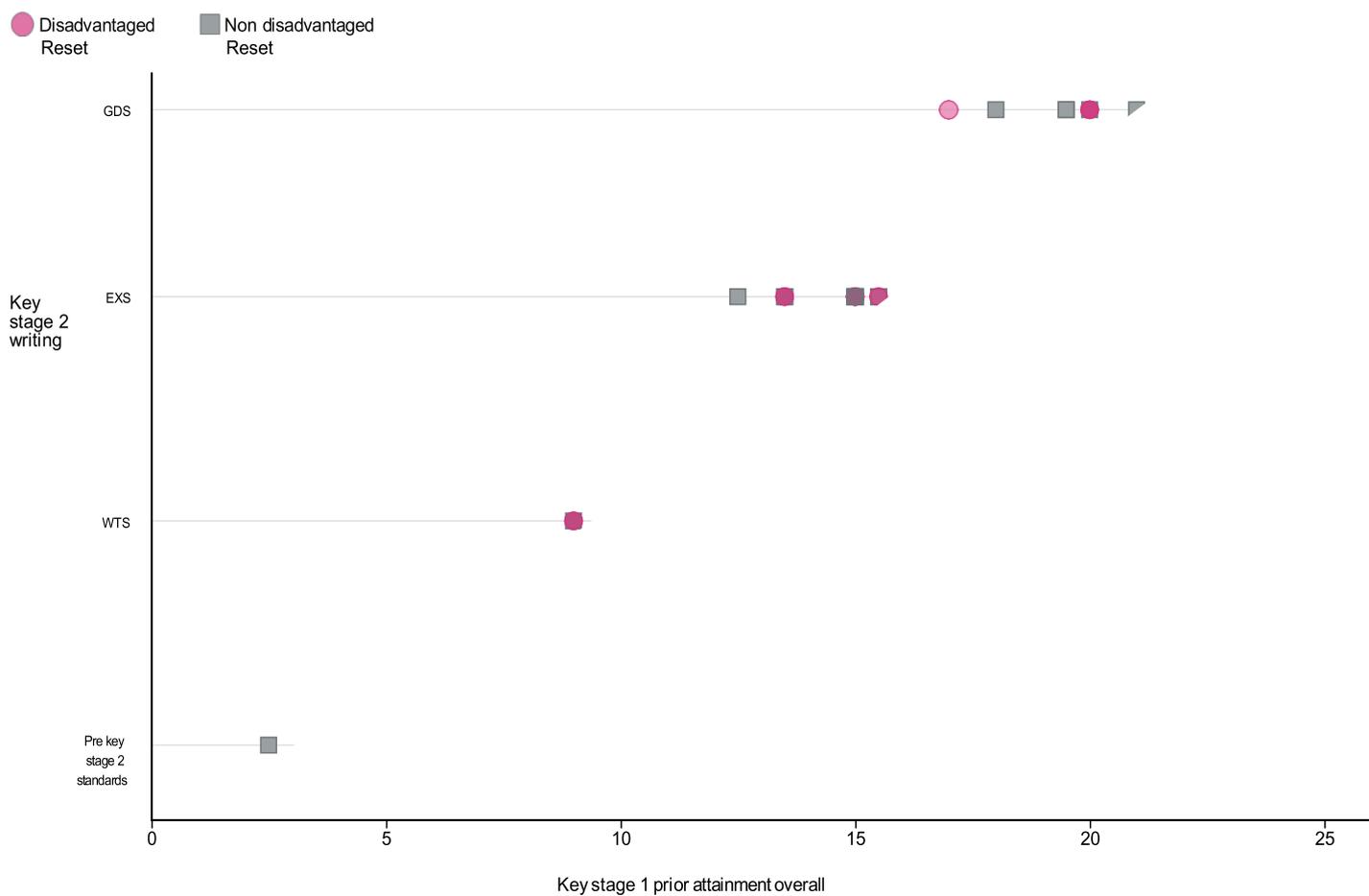
● Disadvantaged
Reset
■ Non disadvantaged
Reset



Key stage 2 writing attainment scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

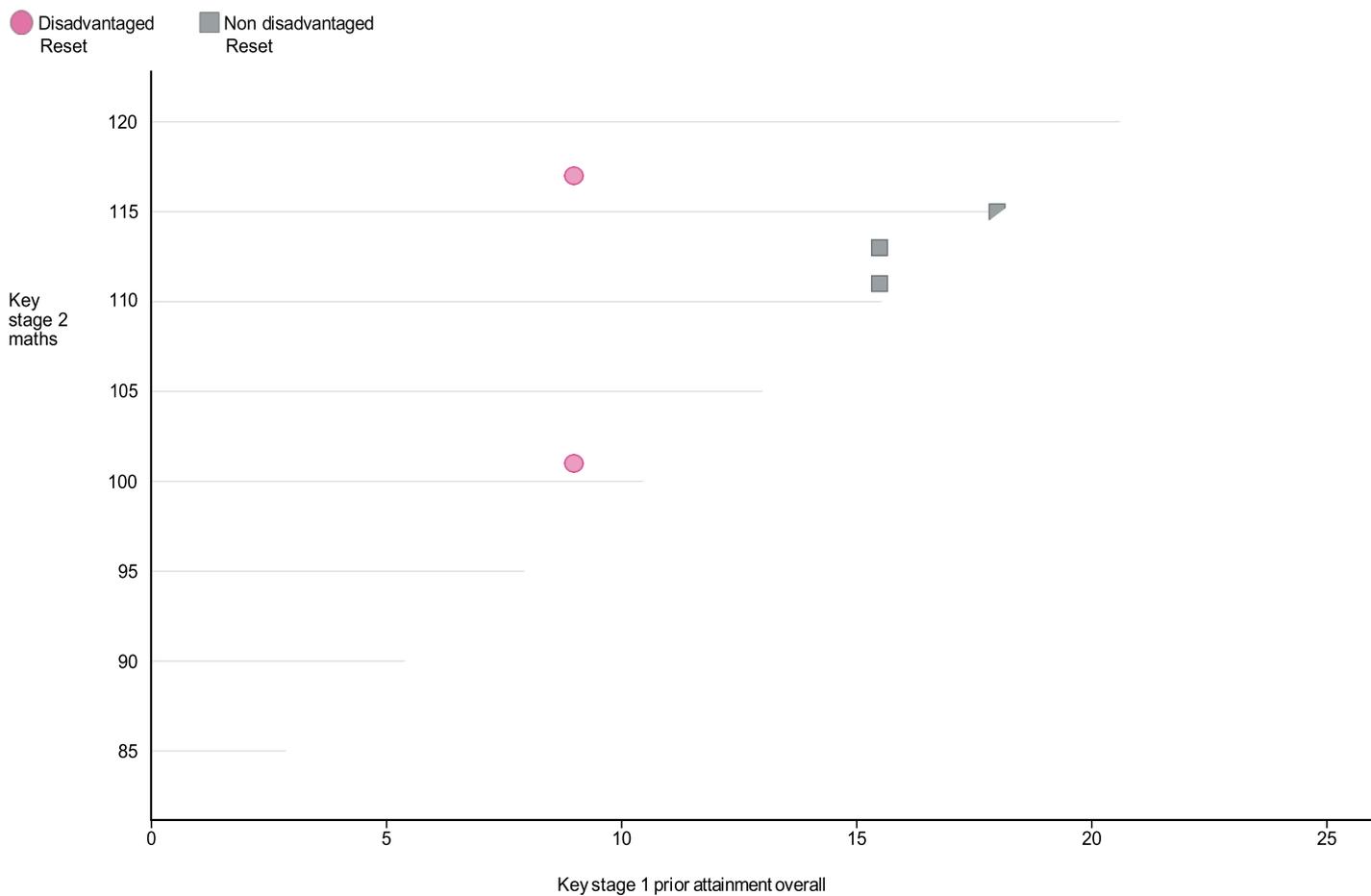
Number of pupils = 37



Key stage 2 maths attainment scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Number of pupils = 37



Key stage 2 additional reports

English grammar, punctuation and spelling attainment by pupil group

Key stage 2 English grammar, punctuation and spelling by pupil group																	
Breakdown	English grammar punctuation and spelling attainment							Average spelling mark		Spelling mark							
	Cohort	Achieving the expected standard		Achieving the higher standard		Average score				5+		10+		15+		20+	
		Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %	Sch	Nat	Sch	Nat	Sch %	Nat %						
All pupils	38	87	78	34	36	107.0	106.3	11.0	13.4	89	89	63	76	32	50	3	5
Male	15	87	74	40	31	107.9	105.3	10.1	12.9	87	86	47	73	27	46	7	5
Female	23	87	83	30	41	106.4	107.4	11.6	13.8	91	91	74	80	35	53	0	6
Disadvantaged	14	93	83	36	41	108.0	107.4	11.8	13.9	86	91	71	80	43	54	0	6
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like	
			67		24		103.8		12.1		82		67		40		3
Ever 6 FSM	13	92	82	38	40	108.5	107.4	12.5	13.9	92	91	77	80	46	54	0	6
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like	
			68		25		103.8		12.2		83		67		40		3
Children looked after	0	N/A	78	N/A	36	N/A	106.4	N/A	13.4	N/A	89	N/A	76	N/A	50	N/A	5
		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like		Like-for-like	
			54		15		101.5		10.5		70		53		27		2
Other	24	83	83	33	41	106.4	107.4	10.5	13.9	92	91	58	80	25	54	4	6
SEN EHCP	1	0	78	0	36	82.0	106.3	0.0	13.4	0	89	0	76	0	50	0	5
SEN support	10	80	78	10	36	102.2	106.3	6.2	13.4	70	89	10	76	10	50	0	5
No SEN	27	93	87	44	42	109.7	107.8	13.1	14.3	100	95	85	85	41	57	4	6
Non-mobile	32	84	79	28	37	105.8	106.5	10.0	13.5	88	90	56	77	22	51	3	5
English first language	36	86	78	31	36	106.4	106.3	10.6	13.4	89	89	61	76	28	50	3	5
English additional language	2	100	78	100	36	117.0	106.3	17.0	13.4	100	89	100	76	100	50	0	5
Prior attainment																	
Low overall	4	25	17	0	2	95.8	94.1	2.5	6.2	25	40	0	22	0	7	0	0
Middle overall	24	92	77	17	21	105.5	104.2	10.8	12.4	96	91	63	74	25	40	4	2
High overall	9	100	99	89	71	114.4	112.6	14.7	16.5	100	100	89	97	56	80	0	12
Reading low	4	25	17	0	2	95.8	94.1	2.5	5.6	25	37	0	19	0	6	0	0
Reading middle	23	91	78	13	22	105.3	104.5	10.5	12.6	96	92	61	75	26	40	0	2
Reading high	10	100	99	90	72	114.1	112.8	14.8	16.7	100	100	90	98	50	81	10	12
Writing low	6	50	23	0	3	97.2	95.4	4.2	6.6	50	46	0	25	0	8	0	0
Writing middle	29	93	84	34	31	107.8	106.0	11.7	13.4	97	94	72	81	31	48	3	3
Writing high	2	100	100	100	83	118.0	114.4	17.5	17.4	100	100	100	99	100	89	0	16
Maths low	4	25	17	0	2	95.8	94.1	2.5	6.7	25	39	0	23	0	8	0	0
Maths middle	25	92	78	20	26	106.1	104.9	11.0	12.7	96	91	64	76	28	44	4	3
Maths high	8	100	98	88	72	113.8	112.9	14.3	16.5	100	99	88	96	50	79	0	12

Science attainment by pupil group

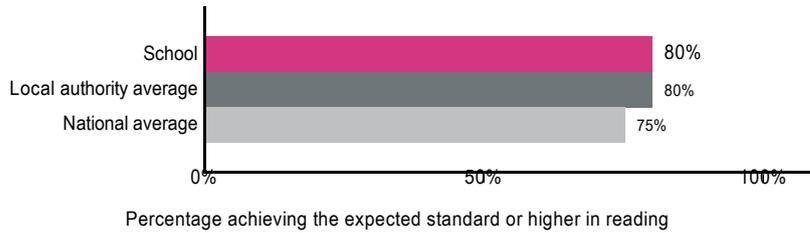
Key stage 2 science by pupil group			
Breakdown	Cohort	At least the expected standard in science	
		School %	National %
All pupils	38	95	83
Male	15	100	80
Female	23	91	86
Disadvantaged	14	93	87 Like-for-like 73
Ever 6 FSM	13	100	87 Like-for-like 73
Children looked after	0	N/A	83 Like-for-like 58
Other	24	96	87
SEN EHCP	1	0	83
SEN support	10	90	83
No SEN	27	100	91
Non-mobile	32	94	84
English first language	36	94	83
English additional language	2	100	83
Prior attainment			
Low overall	4	75	23
Middle overall	24	96	84
High overall	9	100	99
Reading low	4	75	27
Reading middle	23	96	85
Reading high	10	100	99
Writing low	6	83	33
Writing middle	29	97	89
Writing high	2	100	100
Maths low	4	75	19
Maths middle	25	96	85
Maths high	8	100	99

Key stage 1 performance measures

This is provisional data for 2018/19.

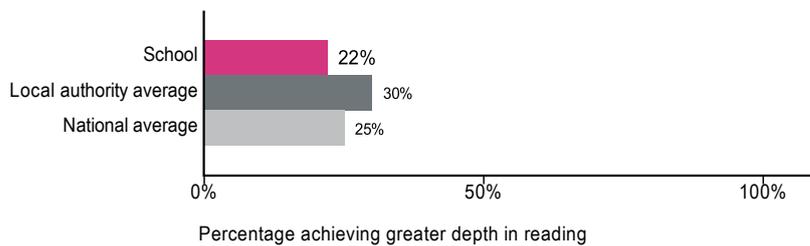
Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in reading

Number of pupils = 54



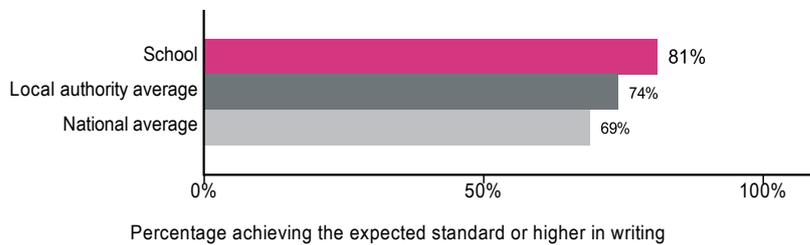
Percentage achieving greater depth in reading

Number of pupils = 54



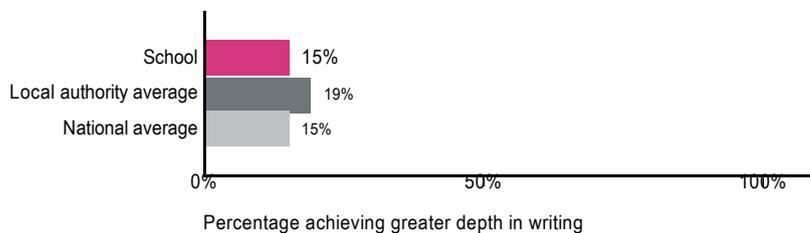
Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in writing

Number of pupils = 54



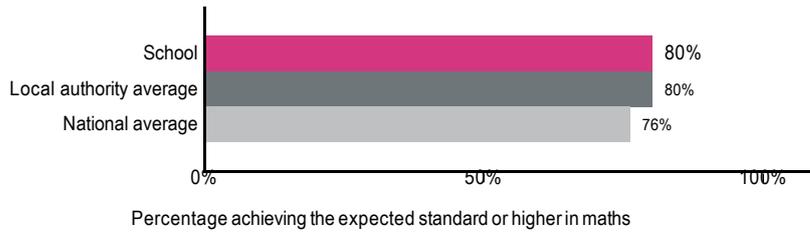
Percentage achieving greater depth in writing

Number of pupils = 54



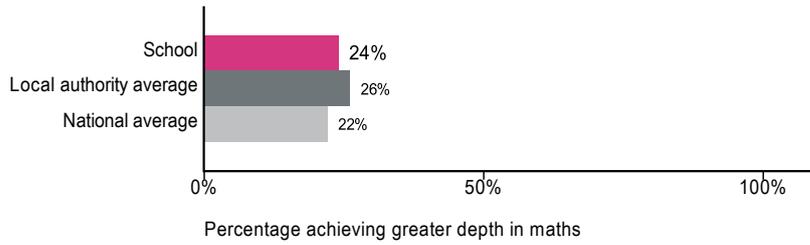
Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in maths

Number of pupils = 54



Percentage achieving greater depth in maths

Number of pupils = 54



Key stage 1 additional reports

Reading attainment by pupil group

Key stage 1 reading attainment by pupil group									
Breakdown	Cohort	Achieved greater depth		Achieved the expected standard or higher		Working towards		Pre-key stage 1 standards	
		Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %
All pupils	54	22	25	80	75	17	17	4	7
Male	31	26	22	84	71	10	19	6	9
Female	23	17	29	74	79	26	15	0	5
Disadvantaged	10	30	28	70	78	30	15	0	5
Ever 6 FSM	10	30	28	70	78	30	15	0	5
Children looked after	0	N/A	25	N/A	75	N/A	17	N/A	7
Other	44	20	28	82	78	14	15	5	5
SEN EHCP	1	0	25	0	75	100	17	0	7
SEN support	4	0	25	25	75	25	17	50	7
No SEN	49	24	29	86	83	14	14	0	3
English first language	51	22	25	78	75	18	17	4	7
English additional language	2	50	25	100	75	0	17	0	7

Writing attainment by pupil group

Key stage 1 writing attainment by pupil group									
Breakdown	Cohort	Achieved greater depth		Achieved the expected standard or higher		Working towards		Pre-key stage 1 standards	
		Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %
All pupils	54	15	15	81	69	17	22	2	8
Male	31	16	11	81	63	16	26	3	10
Female	23	13	19	83	76	17	18	0	5
Disadvantaged	10	10	17	80	73	20	20	0	6
Ever 6 FSM	10	10	17	80	73	20	20	0	6
Children looked after	0	N/A	15	N/A	69	N/A	22	N/A	8
Other	44	16	17	82	73	16	20	2	6
SEN EHCP	1	0	15	0	69	100	22	0	8
SEN support	4	0	15	25	69	75	22	0	8
No SEN	49	16	17	88	78	10	19	2	3
English first language	51	14	15	80	69	18	22	2	8
English additional language	2	50	15	100	69	0	22	0	8

Maths attainment by pupil group

Key stage 1 maths attainment by pupil group									
Breakdown	Cohort	Achieved greater depth		Achieved the expected standard or higher		Working towards		Pre-key stage 1 standards	
		Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %	Sch %	Nat %
All pupils	54	24	22	80	76	20	18	0	6
Male	31	32	24	84	75	16	18	0	7
Female	23	13	19	74	77	26	18	0	4
Disadvantaged	10	20	24	70	79	30	16	0	4
Ever 6 FSM	10	20	24	70	79	30	16	0	4
Children looked after	0	N/A	22	N/A	76	N/A	18	N/A	6
Other	44	25	24	82	79	18	16	0	4
SEN EHCP	1	0	22	0	76	100	18	0	6
SEN support	4	0	22	50	76	50	18	0	6
No SEN	49	27	25	84	84	16	15	0	2
English first language	51	22	22	78	76	22	18	0	6
English additional language	2	50	22	100	76	0	18	0	6

Science attainment by pupil group

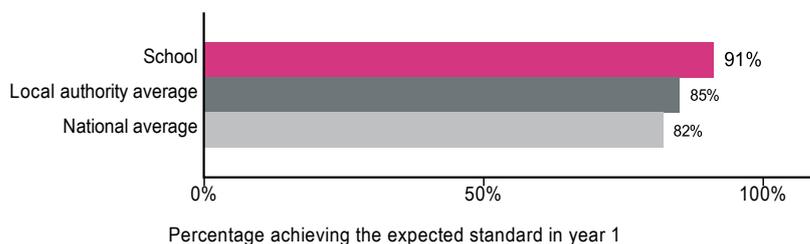
Key stage 1 science attainment by pupil group			
Breakdown	Cohort	At least expected standard in science	
		Sch %	Nat %
All pupils	54	81	82
Male	31	87	80
Female	23	74	85
Disadvantaged	10	70	85
Ever 6 FSM	10	70	85
Children looked after	0	N/A	82
Other	44	84	85
SEN EHCP	1	0	82
SEN support	4	50	82
No SEN	49	86	90
English first language	51	80	82
English additional language	2	100	82

Phonics performance measures

This is provisional data for 2018/19.

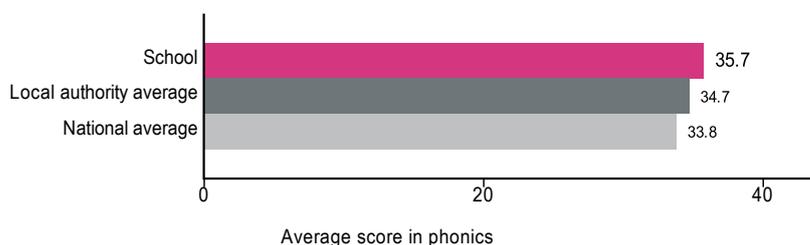
Percentage achieving the expected standard in phonics

Number of pupils = 45



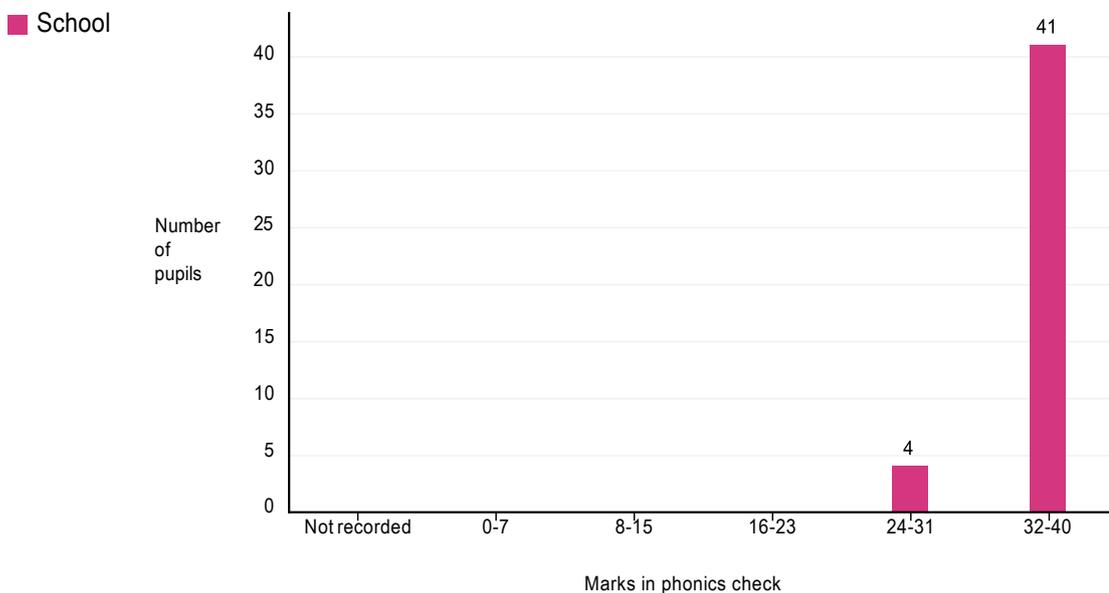
Phonics average score

Number of pupils = 45



Attainment in phonics by mark

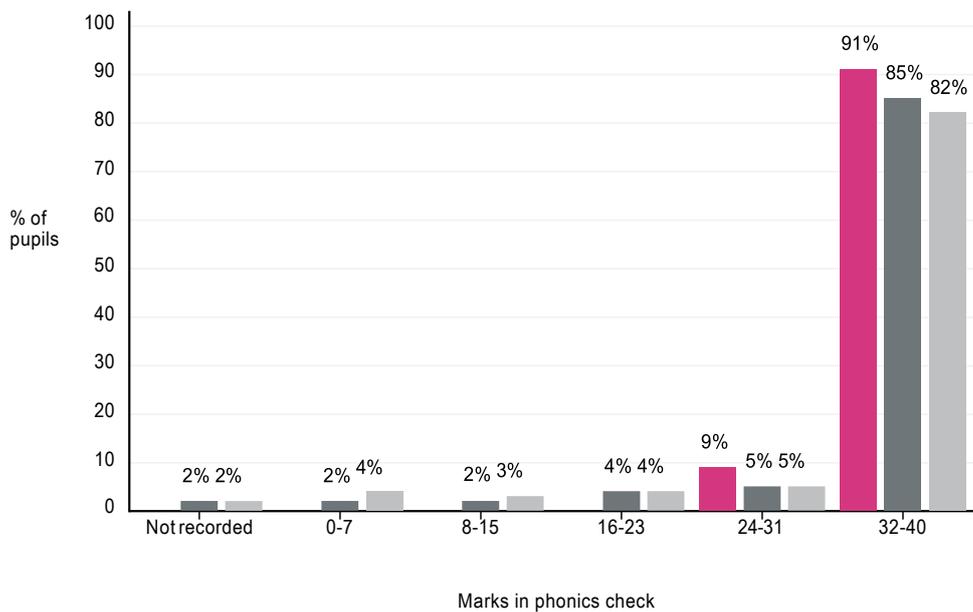
Number of pupils = 45



Attainment in phonics by%

Number of pupils = 45

■ School ■ Local authority (South Gloucestershire) ■ National



Phonics additional reports

Phonics year 1 attainment by pupil group

Phonics year 1 attainment by pupil group									
Breakdown	Cohort	Number absent / didn't take the check	Number not achieving the expected standard	Number achieving expected standard	School %	National %	Average mark		
							School	National	
All pupils	45	0	4	41	91	82	36	34	
Male	26	0	3	23	88	78	36	33	
Female	19	0	1	18	95	85	36	35	
Disadvantaged	3	0	0	3	100	84	38	34	
Ever 6 FSM	3	0	0	3	100	84	38	34	
Children looked after	0	0	0	0	N/A	82	N/A	34	
Other	42	0	4	38	90	84	36	34	
SEN EHCP	1	0	0	1	100	82	35	34	
SEN support	3	0	2	1	33	82	32	34	
No SEN	41	0	2	39	95	88	36	35	
English first language	40	0	3	37	93	82	36	34	
English additional language	5	0	1	4	80	82	34	34	

Phonics year 2 attainment by pupil group

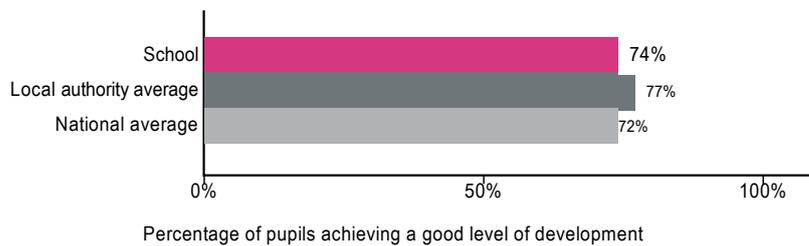
Phonics year 2 attainment by pupil group						
Breakdown	Cohort	Number absent / didn't take the check	Number not achieving the expected standard	Number achieving expected standard	School %	Average mark
All pupils	6	0	6	0	0	20
Male	4	0	4	0	0	17
Female	2	0	2	0	0	26
Disadvantaged	1	0	1	0	0	22
Ever 6 FSM	1	0	1	0	0	22
Children looked after	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
Other	5	0	5	0	0	20
SEN EHCP	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A
SEN support	3	0	3	0	0	15
No SEN	3	0	3	0	0	26
English first language	6	0	6	0	0	20
English additional language	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A

EYFS performance measures

This is final data for 2018/2019.

Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development

Number of pupils = 34



EYFS additional reports

Early years foundation stage attainment by pupil group report

Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development at end of the early years foundation stage								
Breakdown	All pupils	Male	Female	FSM	Non-FSM	SEN EHCP	SEN support	No SEN
Cohort	34	17	17	3	31	N/A	5	29
School %	74	59	88	100	71	N/A	20	83
National %	72	66	78	74	74	72	72	77

Percentage of pupils achieving at least the expected level in each of the learning goals										
Areas of learning	Early learning goals	Breakdown	All pupils	Male	Female	FSM	Non-FSM	SEN EHCP	SEN support	No SEN
		Cohort	34	17	17	3	31	N/A	5	29
Prime areas of learning										
Communication and language	Listening and attention	School %	82	76	88	100	81	N/A	40	90
	Listening and attention	National %	86	81	91	87	87	86	86	90
	Understanding	School %	88	76	100	100	87	N/A	60	93
	Understanding	National %	86	82	90	87	87	86	86	90
	Speaking	School %	91	82	100	100	90	N/A	80	93
	Speaking	National %	85	81	90	87	87	85	85	90
Physical development	Moving and handling	School %	100	100	100	100	100	N/A	100	100
	Moving and handling	National %	89	85	94	90	90	89	89	93
	Health and self-care	School %	97	94	100	100	97	N/A	100	97
	Health and self-care	National %	91	88	94	92	92	91	91	95
Personal, social and emotional development	Self-confidence and self-awareness	School %	94	88	100	100	94	N/A	100	93
	Self-confidence and self-awareness	National %	88	85	92	90	90	88	88	93
	Managing feelings and behaviour	School %	88	82	94	100	87	N/A	60	93
	Managing feelings and behaviour	National %	87	83	92	89	89	87	87	92
	Making relationships	School %	91	82	100	100	90	N/A	80	93
	Making relationships	National %	89	85	93	90	90	89	89	94
Specific areas of learning										
Literacy	Reading	School %	79	71	88	100	77	N/A	40	86
	Reading	National %	77	72	82	79	79	77	77	81
	Writing	School %	79	65	94	100	77	N/A	60	83
	Writing	National %	74	68	80	76	76	74	74	78
Maths	Numbers	School %	82	71	94	100	81	N/A	60	86
	Numbers	National %	80	76	83	82	82	80	80	84
	Shape, space and measures	School %	82	71	94	100	81	N/A	60	86
	Shape, space and measures	National %	82	78	85	84	84	82	82	86
Understanding the world	People and communities	School %	91	82	100	100	90	N/A	80	93
	People and communities	National %	86	82	90	87	87	86	86	90
	The world	School %	94	88	100	100	94	N/A	100	93
	The world	National %	85	82	89	87	87	85	85	90
	Technology	School %	94	88	100	100	94	N/A	100	93
	Technology	National %	93	92	95	94	94	93	93	96
Expressive arts, designing and making	Exploring and using media and materials	School %	91	82	100	100	90	N/A	100	90
	Exploring and using media and materials	National %	89	84	94	90	90	89	89	93
	Being imaginative	School %	91	82	100	100	90	N/A	100	90

Areas of learning	Early learning goals	Breakdown	All pupils	Male	Female	FSM	Non-FSM	SEN EHCP	SEN support	No SEN
	Being imaginative	National %	89	84	94	90	90	89	89	93

Absence

This data includes all absences reported during the 2018 / 2019 academic year (autumn term 2018, spring term 2019 and summer term 2019).

Absence							
Breakdown	No. of enrolments in the school	Sessions missed due to absence					
		School %	National %	Persistent absentees - absent for 10% or more sessions			
				No. of enrolments that are persistent absentees	School %	National %	
All pupils	265	4.5	4.0	30	11.3	8.2	
Male	132	4.3	4.1	13	9.8	8.6	
Female	133	4.7	3.9	17	12.8	7.9	
Ever 6 FSM	63	5.7	5.6	13	20.6	16.1	
Non-Ever 6 FSM	202	4.1	3.5	17	8.4	5.4	
SEN EHCP	4	11.9	7.0	1	25.0	19.8	
SEN support	34	4.8	5.4	6	17.6	14.2	
No SEN	224	4.3	3.7	22	9.8	6.8	
English first language	246	4.3	4.0	27	11.0	8.2	
English additional language	18	7.7	4.1	3	16.7	8.4	

Absence - 3 year trends

This is data for the absences reported in each of the last 3 full academic years.

Absence - 3 year trends										
Breakdown	2016/17			2017/18			2018/19			
	Number of enrolments	School %	National %	Number of enrolments	School %	National %	Number of enrolments	School %	National %	
Sessions missed due to overall absence (number of enrolments is the number of enrolments in the school)	241	4.3	4.0	247	4.7	4.2	265	4.5	4.0	
Persistent absentees - absent for 10% or more sessions (number of enrolments is the number of enrolments who are persistent absentees)	28	11.6	8.3	25	10.1	8.7	30	11.3	8.2	

Exclusions

This is data for the 2018/19 academic year.

Breakdown	Exclusions											
	Permanent exclusions			Fixed period exclusions			Pupils with 1 or more fixed period exclusions			Pupils with 2 or more fixed period exclusions		
	No. of pupils	School %	National %	No. of pupils	School %	National %	No. of pupils	School %	National %	No. of pupils	School %	National %
All pupils	0	0.00	0.02	17	5.92	1.41	11	3.83	0.63	3	1.05	0.29
Male	0	0.00	0.04	17	12.06	2.41	11	7.80	1.07	3	2.13	0.51
Female	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.36	0	0.00	0.17	0	0.00	0.07
Ever 6 FSM	0	0.00	0.06	5	8.33	3.86	2	3.33	1.67	1	1.67	0.81
Non-Ever 6 FSM	0	0.00	0.01	12	5.29	0.79	9	3.96	0.37	2	0.88	0.16
SEN EHCP	0	0.00	0.18	3	60.00	13.61	1	20.00	5.56	1	20.00	3.32
SEN support	0	0.00	0.12	10	26.32	6.90	6	15.79	2.89	2	5.26	1.49
No SEN	0	0.00	0.00	4	1.64	0.38	4	1.64	0.21	0	0.00	0.06
English first language	0	0.00	0.03	16	6.02	1.65	10	3.76	0.72	3	1.13	0.35
English additional language	0	0.00	0.01	1	5.00	0.50	1	5.00	0.29	0	0.00	0.09

Exclusions - 3 year trends

This is data for the exclusions reported in each of the last 3 full academic years.

Breakdown	Exclusions - 3 year trends								
	2016/17			2017/18			2018/19		
	Number for school	School %	National %	Number for school	School %	National %	Number for school	School %	National %
Permanent exclusions as a percentage of the pupil group	0	0.00	0.03	0	0.00	0.03	0	0.00	0.02
Fixed period exclusions as a percentage of the pupil group	1	0.35	1.37	27	9.54	1.40	17	5.92	1.41
Pupils with 1 or more fixed period exclusions	1	0.35	0.62	5	1.77	0.62	11	3.83	0.63
Pupils with 2 or more fixed period exclusions	0	0.00	0.29	3	1.06	0.29	3	1.05	0.29

School characteristics

Basic characteristics trends

This is final data for 2018/2019 (January 2019 census data).

For a small number of schools there may be slight discrepancies between school characteristics data displayed in ASP and data in the IDSR. This is because the IDSR is based on the January school census but ASP data has incorporated some updates made after the January school census.

Up to Key stage 2 basic characteristics trends						
Breakdown	2017		2018		2019	
	School	National	School	National	School	National
Number on roll	288	279	283	281	287	282
Male %	48.6	51.0	50.9	51.0	49.1	51.0
Female %	51.4	49.0	49.1	49.0	50.9	49.0
Ever 6 FSM %	29.5	24.3	23.0	23.5	21.6	23.0
Minority ethnic groups %	7.1	32.3	8.9	32.9	10.5	33.8
SEN EHCP %	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.6
SEN support %	20.8	12.2	14.5	12.4	13.2	12.6
English additional language %	4.3	20.7	5.1	20.9	7.0	21.2
Stability %	84.8	85.7	87.7	85.8	85.4	85.6
School deprivation indicator	0.16	0.21	0.16	0.21	0.16	0.21

Basic characteristics by national curriculum year group

This is final data for 2018/2019 (January 2019 census data).

For a small number of schools there may be slight discrepancies between school characteristics data displayed in ASP and data in the IDSR. This is because the IDSR is based on the January school census but ASP data has incorporated some updates made after the January school census.

Basic characteristics by national curriculum year group									
National curriculum year group	Number on roll	Male %	Female %	Ever 6 FSM %	Minority ethnic groups %	English additional language %	All SEN %	SEN EHCP %	SEN support %
6	37	38	62	35	8	5	30	3	27
5	44	43	57	39	11	7	14	0	14
4	31	45	55	29	13	6	19	0	19
3	44	48	52	18	5	5	9	0	9
2	52	60	40	17	10	4	10	2	8
1	45	58	42	7	16	13	11	4	7
Pre-compulsory	34	47	53	9	12	9	18	3	15

Prior attainment of pupils by year group

This is final data for 2018/2019 (January 2019 census data).

For a small number of schools there may be slight discrepancies between school characteristics data displayed in ASP and data in the IDSR. This is because the IDSR is based on the January school census but ASP data has incorporated some updates made after the January school census.

Key stage 1 prior attainment by year group									
School year	Average point score at key stage 1			% by prior attainment					
				High		Middle		Low	
	School	National	Difference	School	National	School	National	School	National
Year 6	15.4	16.3	-1.0	25	34	64	58	11	8

Key stage 1 reading prior attainment by year group										
School year	Greater depth		Expected standard		Working towards		Foundations		Below pre-key stage 1	
	School	National	School	National	School	National	School	National	School	National
Year 5	39	23	80	72	14	18	2	5	0	1
Year 4	19	25	77	74	16	17	6	4	0	1
Year 3	11	25	77	75	9	17	7	5	2	1

Key stage 1 writing prior attainment by year group										
School year	Greater depth		Expected standard		Working towards		Foundations		Below pre-key stage 1	
	School	National	School	National	School	National	School	National	School	National
Year 5	7	13	64	64	30	26	2	5	0	1
Year 4	10	15	71	67	23	24	6	5	0	1
Year 3	5	16	70	70	16	22	7	5	2	1

Key stage 1 maths prior attainment by year group										
School year	Greater depth		Expected standard		Working towards		Foundations		Below pre-key stage 1	
	School	National	School	National	School	National	School	National	School	National
Year 5	11	17	75	71	18	20	2	4	0	1
Year 4	19	20	81	74	10	18	10	4	0	1
Year 3	11	22	73	76	20	18	0	4	2	1

Glossary

Key stage 2 headline measures

Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1.

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Confidence interval

It is difficult to say with certainty how much of the progress scores are down to the school (which may have scored higher with a different group of pupils) and how much is down to the pupils (for example some may have performed well at any school). The confidence intervals reflect this uncertainty. If the confidence intervals for 2 schools overlap, then we can't say for certain that the 2 progress scores for these schools are significantly different.

Generally speaking, the greater the number of pupils, the smaller the range of the confidence interval. For smaller schools, the confidence interval tends to be larger, since fewer pupils are included, and therefore the score will be more greatly impacted by performance of individual pupils.

A school is above average if their progress score is above 0 and the whole confidence interval is above 0. Similarly, a school is below average if their progress score is below 0 and the whole confidence interval is below 0.

For more information on statistical confidence, and more detailed technical guidance in general, see:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to the writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Achieving the expected standard or higher

Pupils are 'meeting the expected standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 100 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see Scaled scores at key stage 2, Key stage 2 teacher assessment and Primary school accountability.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard

Pupils are 'achieving at a higher standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 110 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at a greater depth within the expected standard' in writing. This standard was set for the first time in 2016 by the Department for Education to provide information about pupils across England achieving in the top 5%. For a more detailed explanation, see Scaled scores at key stage 2, Key stage 2 teacher assessment and Primary school accountability.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Average score in reading

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Average score in maths

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

Key stage 2 disadvantaged

Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1.

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Confidence interval

It is difficult to say with certainty how much of the progress scores are down to the school (which may have scored higher with a different group of pupils) and how much is down to the pupils (for example some may have performed well at any school). The confidence intervals reflect this uncertainty. If the confidence intervals for 2 schools overlap, then we can't say for certain that the 2 progress scores for these schools are significantly different.

Generally speaking, the greater the number of pupils, the smaller the range of the confidence interval. For smaller schools, the confidence interval tends to be larger, since fewer pupils are included, and therefore the score will be more greatly impacted by performance of individual pupils.

A school is above average if their progress score is above 0 and the whole confidence interval is above 0. Similarly, a school is below average if their progress score is below 0 and the whole confidence interval is below 0.

For more information on statistical confidence, and more detailed technical guidance in general, see:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

National average for non-disadvantaged pupils

The comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged pupils at all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

This is the default DfE national comparator.

Switch comparator

This button changes your view of disadvantaged pupils' data to a 'like-for-like' comparator based on the national average for disadvantaged pupils. This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged pupils.

Like-for-like national average

The comparator for this row is the national average for disadvantaged pupils. This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged (and for Ever 6 FSM and CLA it is non-Ever 6 FSM and non-CLA) pupils.

National average for disadvantaged pupils

The comparator for this row is the national average for disadvantaged children. This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

Prior attainment of disadvantaged pupils - 3 year trends

Changes to eligibility criteria for Free School Meals (FSM) under Universal Credit has implications for schools' disadvantaged pupil data (for further information see the government response to eligibility for free school meals and the early years pupil premium under Universal Credit consultation). Schools' disadvantaged cohorts vary year on year and it is important to consider prior attainment when comparing performance. Where a school's disadvantaged cohort's attainment has increased or decreased significantly between years, this may partly be explained by changes in the size and make-up of the cohort. Furthermore, please treat disadvantaged pupil data with caution when comparing school performance nationally, until Universal Credit roll-out is completed.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/eligibility-for-free-school-meals-and-the-early-years-pupil-premium-under-universal-credit>

<https://consult.education.gov.uk/healthy-pupil-unit/fsm/>

Change in methodology (Reading, writing and maths combined)

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to [writing teacher assessment frameworks](#) in 2017.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Average score in reading

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. [Read more about scaled scores.](#)

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Average score in maths

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. [Read more about scaled scores.](#)

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

National average

The national comparator where columns show 'All' is 'All pupils'. Where the column shows 'Dis', the national comparator is 'Non-disadvantaged pupils'.

Difference

The difference between the school's average and the national average for non-disadvantaged pupils. Figures are rounded, so there may be small discrepancies.

[Read more about difference.](#)

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

National average for non-disadvantaged pupils

The comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged pupils at all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Prior attainment

Reading low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in reading.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Reading middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in reading.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Reading high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in reading.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Writing low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in writing.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Writing middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in writing.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Writing high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in writing.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Maths low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in maths.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Maths middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in maths.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Maths high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in maths.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Low prior attainment

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Middle prior attainment

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

High prior attainment

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher.

[Read more about average point scores.](#)

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Key stage 2 three year average

If a school has converted from one school type to another in the last three years, three year averages on ASP will include results from the predecessor school.

Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard for reading, writing and maths, 2017-2019

Three year averages are an important way to show how schools are performing across time, smoothing out small variations in a single year, for example, due to a small cohort size. To take into account varying pupil numbers each year, the three-year average is weighted by the size of the school's cohort in each year.

Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard for reading, writing and maths, 2017-2019

Three year averages are an important way to show how schools are performing across time, smoothing out small variations in a single year, for example, due to a small cohort size. To take into account varying pupil numbers each year, the three-year average is weighted by the size of the school's cohort in each year.

Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Average scaled score in reading 2017-2019

Three year averages are an important way to show how schools are performing across time, smoothing out small variations in a single year, for example, due to a small cohort size. To take into account varying pupil numbers each year, the three-year average is weighted by the size of the school's cohort in each year.

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Average scaled score in maths 2017-2019

Three year averages are an important way to show how schools are performing across time, smoothing out small variations in a single year, for example, due to a small cohort size. To take into account varying pupil numbers each year, the three-year average is weighted by the size of the school's cohort in each year.

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

Key stage 2 results over 3 years

Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1.

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Confidence interval

It is difficult to say with certainty how much of the progress scores are down to the school (which may have scored higher with a different group of pupils) and how much is down to the pupils (for example some may have performed well at any school). The confidence intervals reflect this uncertainty. If the confidence intervals for 2 schools overlap, then we can't say for certain that the 2 progress scores for these schools are significantly different.

Generally speaking, the greater the number of pupils, the smaller the range of the confidence interval. For smaller schools, the confidence interval tends to be larger, since fewer pupils are included, and therefore the score will be more greatly impacted by performance of individual pupils.

A school is above average if their progress score is above 0 and the whole confidence interval is above 0. Similarly, a school is below average if their progress score is below 0 and the whole confidence interval is below 0.

For more information on statistical confidence, and more detailed technical guidance in general, see:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Change in methodology

We introduced a change in methodology for calculating progress scores. This means 2018 and 2019 scores are not directly comparable with 2017 scores.

Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

Pupils are 'meeting the expected standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 100 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see:

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment>

Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard

Pupils are 'achieving at a higher standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 110 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at a greater depth within the expected standard' in writing. We set this standard for the first time in 2016 to provide information about pupils across England achieving in the top 5%. For a more detailed explanation, see:

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Average scaled score in reading

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Average scaled score in maths

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

Keystage2headlinereports

Reading / Maths

Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1.

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the [technical guidance](#).

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Achieving the expected standard

A scaled score of 100 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

Read more about scaled scores

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Achieving a higher standard

A scaled score of 110 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

Read more about scaled scores

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Average score

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

Read more about scaled scores

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Writing

Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1.

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the [technical guidance](#).

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Change in methodology

Changes made to the 2017/18 writing teacher assessment frameworks mean judgements are not directly comparable to those made using the previous interim frameworks in 2016 and 2017.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Achieved the expected standard

This refers to pupils who can write at a level meeting or exceeding the national standard.

Read more about writing standards

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Achieved a greater depth

This refers to pupils who can write at a level clearly exceeding the national standard.

Read more about writing standards

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Reading, writing and maths combined

Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Achieving the expected standard or higher

Pupils are 'meeting the expected standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 100 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see:

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Achieving the higher standard

Pupils are 'achieving at a higher standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 110 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at a greater depth within the expected standard' in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see:

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

KS2 Progress scatter plot

Progress score

We calculate the scores by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of key stage 1.

See School performance tables: about the data for more information.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's overall progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils per school, if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/school-performance-tables-about-the-data>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Key stage 1 prior attainment overall

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 across reading, writing and mathematics. Read more about prior attainment.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/560969/Primary_school_accountability_summary.pdf

Highlight pupils by

This highlight will show you either all pupils or your filter selections, broken down by your highlight selection (for example, male and female pupils). If you want to only see a particular selection of pupils (for example, male pupils only), use the filter options below.

Number of pupils

Points on the scatter plot may overlap when 2 or more pupils' performance is similar. To view them more easily, use the 'Zoom in' tool above the scatter plot.

If you click on a point that overlaps with similar scores, you can scroll through these pupils' details by using the 'Next' prompt.

Please use the pupil list report as an alternative view of this pupil data.

KS2 Attainment scatter plot

Key stage 2 reading

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Read more about scaled scores.

This scatter plot displays the outcomes of pupils who did the national curriculum assessments and achieved a scaled score and therefore not the outcomes of pupils working below the national curriculum assessment standard.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Key stage 2 writing

Writing is teacher assessed and we report pupil attainment in line with the framework. The scatter plot includes the outcomes for pupils working below the standard of the test as reported against the pre key stage 2 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

GDS

Working at greater depth.

EXS

Working at the expected standard.

WTS

Working towards the expected standard.

Pre key stage 2 standards

Read more about pre key stage 2 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2>

Key stage 2 maths

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Read more about scaled scores.

This scatter plot displays the outcomes of pupils who did the national curriculum assessments and achieved a scaled score and therefore not the outcomes of pupils working below the national curriculum assessment standard.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Key stage 1 prior attainment overall

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 across reading, writing and mathematics. Read more about prior attainment.

Key stage 1 prior attainment in reading

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 in reading. Read more about prior attainment.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/560969/Primary_school_accountability_summary.pdf.pdf

Key stage 1 prior attainment in writing

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 in writing. Read more about prior attainment.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/560969/Primary_school_accountability_summary.pdf.pdf

Key stage 1 prior attainment in maths

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 in maths. Read more about prior attainment.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/560969/Primary_school_accountability_summary.pdf.pdf

Highlight pupils by

This highlight will show you either all pupils or your filter selections, broken down by your highlight selection (for example, male and female pupils). If you want to only see a particular selection of pupils (for example, male pupils only), use the filter options below.

Number of pupils

Points on the scatter plot may overlap when 2 or more pupils' performance is similar. To view them more easily, use the 'Zoom in' tool above the scatter plot.

If you click on a point that overlaps with similar scores, you can scroll through these pupils' details by using the 'Next' prompt.

Please use the pupil list report as an alternative view of this pupil data.

Key stage 2 additional reports

EGPS

Expected standard

A scaled score of 100 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Higher standard

A scaled score of 110 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Average score

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

Read more about scaled scores

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Science

At least the expected standard in science

A scaled score of 100 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

[Read more about scaled scores](#)

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

All key stage 2 pupil group reports

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

Disadvantaged (default)

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or

- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The national comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

Disadvantaged (like-for-like)

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or
- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The comparator for this row is the national average for disadvantaged pupils. This is different to the default DfE national comparator.

Ever 6 FSM (default)

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

Ever 6 FSM (like-for-like)

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The comparator for this row is the national average for Ever 6 FSM pupils. This is different to the default DfE national comparator.

Children looked after (default)

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other DfE statistical publications covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have not been looked after for 1 day for the year in question. Note that 'not looked after children' in this case will include pupils who may have been looked after previously but were not looked after for at least 1 day in the year in question as well have pupils who have never been looked after.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018>

Children looked after (like-for-like)

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other DfE statistical publications covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have been looked after for at least 1 day for the year in question. This is different to the default DfE national comparator.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018>

Other (default)

Non-disadvantaged children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

Other (like-for-like)

Non-disadvantaged children.

In this like-for-like view of the data, the national comparator used in this row remains the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

Switch comparator

This button changes your view of disadvantaged pupils' data and its component measures Ever 6 FSM and CLA to a 'like-for-like' comparator based on the national average for each cohort of pupils.

This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged, non-Ever 6 FSM and non-CLA pupils.

Like-for-like national average

The comparators for disadvantaged pupils, Ever 6 FSM and CLA pupils are the national averages for disadvantaged pupils, Ever 6 FSM and CLA pupils.

This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged, non-Ever 6 FSM and CLA.

The comparator for other pupils remains as non-disadvantaged pupils nationally.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

Non-mobile

Pupils who were on the school roll for the whole of years 5 and 6.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils on the school roll for the whole of years 5 and 6.

English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

Prior attainment

Low overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment overall.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Middle overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment overall.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

High overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment overall.

Reading low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in reading.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Reading middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in reading.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Reading high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in reading.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Writing low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in writing.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Writing middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in writing.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Writing high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in writing.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Maths low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in maths.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Maths middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in maths.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Maths high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in maths.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Key stage 1 performance measures

Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in reading

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Percentage achieving greater depth in reading

The pupil achieved a greater depth in reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in writing

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Percentage achieving greater depth in writing

The pupil achieved a greater depth in writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in maths

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Percentage achieving greater depth in maths

The pupil achieved a greater depth in maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Key stage 1 additional reports

Reading

Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth in reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Achieved the expected standard or higher

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Working towards

The pupil is working towards the expected standard of reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards>

Pre-key stage 1 standards

Read more about the pre-key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards>

Writing

Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth in writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Achieved the expected standard or higher

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Working towards

The pupil is working towards the expected standard of writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards>

Pre-key stage 1 standards

Read more about the pre-key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards>

Maths

Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth in maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Achieved the expected standard or higher

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1>

Working towards

The pupil is working towards the expected standard of maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards>

Pre-key stage 1 standards

Read more about the pre-key stage 1 standards.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards>

All key stage 1 pupil group reports

Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

Disadvantaged

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or
- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The national comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

Children looked after

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other [DfE statistical publications](#) covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have not been looked after for 1 day for the year in question. Note that 'not looked after children' in this case will include pupils who may have been looked after previously but were not looked after for at least 1 day in the year in question as well have pupils who have never been looked after.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018>

Other

Non-disadvantaged children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Phonics performance measures

Attainment in phonics by mark

This graph shows the distribution of pupils' marks in phonics. A mark of 32 or higher out of 40 is the expected standard for the phonics check.

Attainment in phonics by %

This graph shows the distribution of pupils' marks in phonics against national and local authority comparators. A mark of 32 or higher out of 40 is the expected standard for the phonics check.

Marks in phonics check

Percentages have been rounded to nearest whole number, so may not sum to 100.

All Phonics pupil group reports

Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Year 1 attainment

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Disadvantaged

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or
- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The national comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

Children looked after

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other [DfE statistical publications](#) covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have not been looked after for 1 day for the year in question. Note that 'not looked after children' in this case will include pupils who may have been looked after previously but were not looked after for at least 1 day in the year in question as well have pupils who have never been looked after.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018>

Other

Non-disadvantaged children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

Year 2 attainment

Cohort

The overall 'Cohort' figure for Year 2 Phonics also includes any pupils who were expected to take the Year 2 Phonics check, but for whom no data was recorded.

Disadvantaged

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or
- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The national comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

Children looked after

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other [DfE statistical publications](#) covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have not been looked after for 1 day for the year in question. Note that 'not looked after children' in this case will include pupils who may have been looked after previously but were not looked after for at least 1 day in the year in question as well have pupils who have never been looked after.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018>

Other

Non-disadvantaged children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the

home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

EYFS performance measures

Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development

Children achieving a good level of development are those achieving at least the expected level in these areas of learning:

- communication and language
- physical development
- personal, social and emotional development
- literacy
- maths

Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

EYFS additional reports

Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development

Children achieving a good level of development are those achieving at least the expected level in these areas of learning:

- communication and language
- physical development
- personal, social and emotional development
- literacy
- maths

FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for children who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

Non-FSM

Pupils who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for children who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for all pupils.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for all pupils.

No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs and those whose SEN provision could not be determined.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for pupils with no SEN and those whose SEN provision could not be determined.

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Percentage of pupils achieving at least the expected level

The percentage of children achieving 'expected' or 'exceeded' in each early learning goal.

FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for children who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

Non-FSM

Pupils who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for children who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of

the year this data covers.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for all pupils.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for all pupils.

No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs and those whose SEN provision could not be determined.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for pupils with no SEN and those whose SEN provision could not be determined.

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Communication and language

Experiencing a rich language environment and developing confidence and skills in expressing themselves.

[Find out more:](#)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

Physical development

Being active and interactive, and developing coordination, control and movement.

[Find out more:](#)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

Personal, social and emotional development

Forming positive relationships and respect for others, as well as social skills and managing their feelings.

[Find out more:](#)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

Literacy

Linking sounds and letters, and beginning to read and write.

[Find out more:](#)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

Maths

Developing skills in counting, understanding and using numbers.

[Find out more:](#)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

Understanding the world

Making sense of the physical world and the community where they live.

[Find out more:](#)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

Expressive arts, design and making

Exploring and playing with a wide range of media and materials, as well as opportunities for sharing their thoughts, ideas and feelings.

[Find out more:](#)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

Absence

Absence

For schools which opened or closed part way through this period, their absence information will be based on a shorter period.

The national comparators shown are based on a breakdown of state-funded primary, state-funded secondary and special schools, in line with statistical releases on absence.

Read more about the methodology used for compiling absence statistics.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/absence-statistics-guide>

National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator for special schools used here is the national average for special schools. Included in these are academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. Special schools also include non-maintained special schools.

Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are eligible for free school meals.

Non-Ever 6 FSM

Pupils who were not eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with an EHCP.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with SEN support.

No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as their first language.

English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as an additional language.

Absence – 3 year trends

For schools which opened or closed part way through this period, their absence information will be based on a shorter period.

Read more about the methodology used for compiling absence statistics.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/absence-statistics-guide>

National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator for special schools used here is the national average for special schools. Included in these are academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. Special schools also include non-maintained special schools.

Exclusions

Exclusions

For schools which opened or closed part way through this period, their exclusions information will be based on a shorter period.

The national comparators shown are based on a breakdown of state-funded primary, state-funded secondary and special schools, in line with statistical releases on exclusions.

Read more about the methodology used for compiling exclusion statistics.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/exclusions-statistics-guide>

National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator for special schools used here is the national average for special schools. Included in these are academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. Special schools also include non-maintained special schools.

Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are eligible for free school meals.

Non-Ever 6 FSM

Pupils who were not eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with EHCP.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with SEN support.

No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as their first language.

English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as an additional language.

Exclusions – 3 year trends

For schools which opened or closed part way through this period, their exclusions information will be based on a shorter period.

The national comparators shown are based on a breakdown of state-funded primary, state-funded secondary and special schools, in line with statistical releases on exclusions.

Read more about the methodology used for compiling exclusion statistics.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/exclusions-statistics-guide>

National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator for special schools used here is the national average for special schools. Included in these are academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. Special schools also include non-maintained special schools.

School characteristics

Basic characteristics trends

Up to Key stage 5 basic characteristics trends

National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. For all-through schools, the national comparator is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator used for special schools is all state-funded special schools in England. 2017 and 2018 figures are not available as this is a new measure. Included in these are academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are eligible for free school meals.

Minority ethnic groups

Pupils who are not white British.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-white British pupils.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with SEN with EHCP.

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with SEN support.

English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as an additional language.

Stability %

Stability is a measure of the percentage of students who were admitted to the school at the standard time of admission. The stability percentage is found by dividing pupils considered stable by all eligible pupils (pupils in years 1 to 11 and with current single or current main dual registration at the school).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for stable pupils.

School deprivation indicator

Pupils living in an area of income deprived families.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils living in an area of income deprived families.

Basic characteristics by national curriculum year group

Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

Minority ethnic groups

Pupils who are not white British.

English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

All SEN

Includes SEN pupils with an education, health and care plan and SEN support pupils.

SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

Post-compulsory

The post-compulsory stage is key stage 5 (16-18 provision).

Pre-compulsory

The pre-compulsory stage is nursery/ reception (Early years foundation stage profile level).

Prior attainment of pupils by year group

Prior attainment data

This data shows the previous key stage prior attainment for each school year. For example, the year 11 row shows the prior attainment of pupils at key stage 2, when they were in year 6.

National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

Key stage 2 prior attainment by year group (years 10 and 11)

High overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 2. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 30 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Middle overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 2. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 24 or higher and below 30. Read more about average point scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Low overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 2. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 24. Read more about average point scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Key stage 2 prior attainment by year group (years 7, 8 and 9)

Average scaled score

This score is an average for pupils in the school. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. For a more detailed explanation, see Scaled scores at key stage 2.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Achieving the expected standard

Pupils are meeting the expected standard if they achieve a scaled score of 100 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see Scaled scores at key stage 2.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/understanding-scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2>

Achieving the expected standard

Pupils are meeting the expected standard if their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing.

Key stage 1 prior attainment by year group

High overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Middle overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Low overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability>

Key stage 1 reading prior attainment by year group

Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth of reading, compared to the standard.

Achieving the expected standard

The pupil achieved or exceeded the expected standard of reading.

Working towards

The pupil exceeded the pre-key stage 1 standard of reading and was working towards the key stage 1 standard.

Foundations

The pupil achieved the pre-key stage 1 standard of reading.

Below pre-key stage 1

The pupil did not achieve the pre-key stage 1 standard of reading.

Key stage 1 writing prior attainment by year group

Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth of writing, compared to the standard.

Achieving the expected standard

The pupil achieved or exceeded the expected standard of writing.

Working towards

The pupil exceeded the pre-key stage 1 standard of writing and was working towards the key stage 1 standard.

Foundations

The pupil achieved the pre-key stage 1 standard of writing.

Below pre-key stage 1

The pupil did not achieve the pre-key stage 1 standard of writing.

Key stage 1 maths prior attainment by year group

Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth of maths, compared to the standard.

Achieving the expected standard

The pupil achieved or exceeded the expected standard of maths.

Working towards

The pupil exceeded the pre-key stage 1 standard of maths and was working towards the key stage 1 standard.

Foundations

The pupil achieved the pre-key stage 1 standard of maths.

Below pre-key stage 1

The pupil did not achieve the pre-key stage 1 standard of maths.